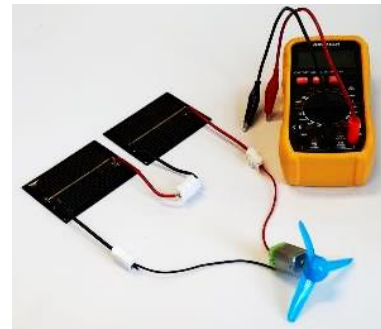




## INTRODUCING SOLAR ENERGY (Code: SOLARINTRO)

### DESCRIPTION

The *INTRODUCING SOLAR ENERGY* kit allows students to investigate the operation and properties of solar cells, and see how electricity is generated by them. By using the supplied components together with a multimeter, students can experiment with Series and Parallel circuits, and carry out simple experiments with sound and motion.

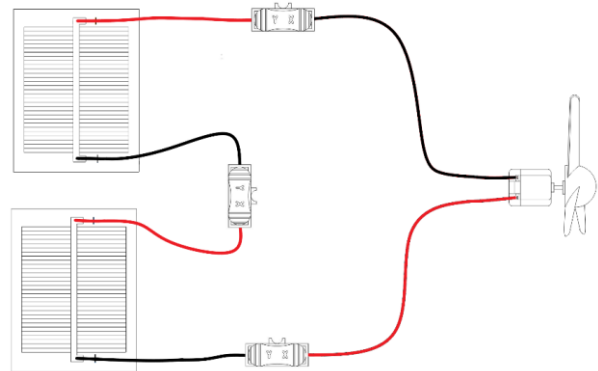
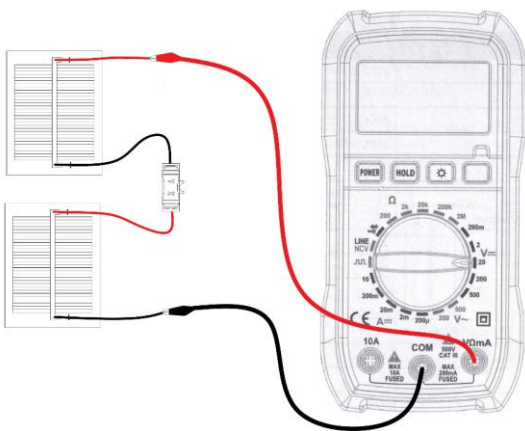


#### LEVEL:

Introductory

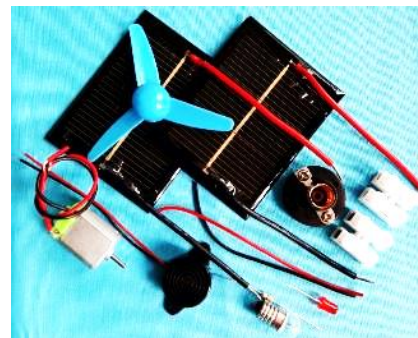
#### SKILL DEVELOPMENT:

- Electrical knowledge of terminology, symbols and circuit types
- Investigating electricity generation by solar panels, including Voltage and Current
- Alternative Energy



### WHAT'S IN THE KIT?

- All the mechanical and electrical components required to introduce and experiment with Solar energy, including two solar panels, a motor and buzzer.
- A detailed teaching unit with a complete parts list, with information on circuits and symbols, a Glossary and experiments to carry out.





### **WHAT ELSE IS NEEDED?**

The following items are required and are available from Scorpio Technology, but need to be ordered separately:

- A Digital Multimeter with 20 volt and 10 Amp ranges (MULTIM1527) or Voltmeters and Ammeters.

If using a multimeter with Test probes, please note that the Push connector will not hold the test probe, in which case the following are suggested:

- Leads with Banana plugs at both ends (BAPLW2) used with Alligator clips to suit (ALLICLIPPS) – or make your own leads with banana plugs and alligator clips

### **TOOLS REQUIRED**

The following tools are required. Several are available from Scorpio Technology, and can be ordered separately if required (item codes in brackets):

REQUIRED TOOLS	ORDERING CODE
Hammer	HAMMERCPC/HAMMERCL
Phillips head (cross head) screwdriver #1 point	SCREWDRPH1/80

### **GENERAL OBJECTIVES**

Students are to experiment with solar panels and a variety of components, and carry out electrical testing.

### **OBJECTIVES**

As a result of these Solar Cell activities, the students will be able to:

- Understand that Solar Cells convert Light Energy into Electrical Energy.
- Understand the role of the Solar Cell as an energy source in a circuit.
- Construct Series and Parallel circuits and understand the type of energy conversions that take place.
- Identify the differences between a Parallel circuit and a Series circuit.
- Identify the various components used in their experiments and explain what their function is.
- Define and use vocabulary associated with Solar Cells and electricity.
- To be aware of the safety aspects of electricity.
- Predict, observe and explain what they have seen during experimentation.

### **ACTIVITIES**

The Solar Cell activities include:

- Familiarisation with Electrical circuit Symbols
- Simple electricity experiments using solar cells:
  - o Testing the solar cell's output
  - o Measuring voltage with Solar cells in series and parallel
  - o Measuring current with Solar cells in series and parallel
- Using solar cells to power other devices:
  - o Powering a globe - - solar cells in series and parallel



## **INTRODUCING SOLAR ENERGY**

- Powering a motor - – solar cells in series and parallel
  - Powering a buzzer - – solar cells in series and parallel
  - Powering a light emitting diode (led) – series only
- Glossary

### **DOES THE TEACHING UNIT INCLUDE ANY THEORY?**

The Teaching unit has a THEORY section that covers

- Electrical safety
- Sunlight Angle and it's Effect on Electricity generation
- Solar Cells in Series
- Solar Cells in Parallel
- Solar Panels
- Solar Cells

In this unit students will be introduced to the following theory through experimentation:

- Solar Cells convert light energy into electrical energy.
- Solar Cells can be connected in series to increase voltage.
- Solar Cells can be connected in parallel to increase current.
- Electricity is a form of energy.
- Electric energy can be converted to other forms of energy such as light energy, sound energy or kinetic energy.
- Electric currents only flow when a circuit is complete.
- Electric energy can be stored in batteries.

